# SEARCH REQUEST FORM

# Scientific and Technical Information Center

Art Unit: 1752 Phone N Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location:	(Rem.)	3 Serial Nun esults Format Prefe	nber: rred (circle)	: PAPER DISK I	
If more than one search is submi ****************** Please provide a detailed statement of the s Include the elected species or structures, ke utility of the invention. Define any terms t known. Please attach a copy of the cover sl	*************  earch topic, and descrit  ywords, synonyms, act  hat may have a special  neet, pertinent claims, a	e as specifically as poronyms, and registry numeaning. Give exampled abstract.	********* ssible the subumbers, and oles or relevan	pject matter to be searc combine with the conce at citations, authors, etc	hed. ept or
Title of Invention:	? Ale B		Sci P rect	•	
Inventors (please provide full names):			APR	6 RECD	
			Pat. & T.	M. Office	
Earliest Priority Filing Date:					
*For Sequence Searches Only* Please includ appropriate serial number.	e all pertinent informatio	on (parent, child, division	nal, or issued p	patent numbers) along w	ith the
Please search	for a	compound	cA)	of (1.#1	١.
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of formula	(I) Sho	iwn in	.C1.	# 4	
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STAFF USE ONLY Searcher: '! ha	Type of Search  NA Sequence (#)	STN <u>&amp; 419</u>		vhere applicable	
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)				<del></del>
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit			
Date Searcher Picked Up: 4/10/06	Bibliographic	Dr.Link			
Date Completed: Ly / 10 / 0 6	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis			-
Searcher Prep & Review Time: 60	Fulltext	Sequence Systems	_		_
Clerical Prep Time:30	Patent Family	WWW/Internet			<del></del>
Online Time:	Other	Other (specify)			

PTO-1590 (8-01)



## United States Patent and Trademark Office



CONFIRMATION NO. 4469

Bib Cata Sheet									
SERIAL NUMB 10/781,862	ER	FILING DATE 02/20/2004 RULE	C	CLASS 430	GRO	UP AR1 1752	UNIT	1	ATTORNEY OCKET NO. Q80021
APPLICANTS									
Kazuhiro F	ujima	ki, Shizuoka, JAPAN;		٠					
CONTINUING	DATA	, No	ne s	ゴレ					
JAPAN P.2	" FOREIGN APPLICATIONS """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""								
IF REQUIRED, F ** 05/12/2004	OREI	IGN FILING LICENSE	GRANTE	≛D	•				
Foreign Priority claimed 35 USC 119 (a-d) cond met Verified and Acknowledged	litions		itials	STATE OR COUNTRY JAPAN	DRA	EETS WING 0	TOT CLAI 15	MS	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 4
ADDRESS SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20037-3213									
TITLE Polymerizable co	mpos	ition	•						
						□ AII	Fees		
FILING FEE  FEES: Authority has been given in Paper  No to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT  No for following:  1.16 Fees (Filing)  1.17 Fees (Processing Ext. of time)  1.18 Fees (Issue)									
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Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 U.S. Appln. No. 10/781,862

#### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

### LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended): A polymerizable composition comprising:
- (A) a monocarboxylic acid compound which causes at least one of decarboxylation and dehydration by heat;
  - (B) a radical initiator;
  - (C) a compound having at least one ethylenically unsaturated bond; and
  - (D) an infrared ray absorber,

wherein the compound (A) and the radical initiator (B) are separate and distinct compounds from each other.

- 2. (original): The polymerizable composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound (A) is one which causes at least one of decarboxylation and dehydration at a temperature of 100°C to 300°C.
- 3. (original): The polymerizable composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound (A) is one having a structure capable of forming a 4 to 6-membered lactone ring, a 4 to 6-membered lactone ring or a 4 to 6-membered cyclic acid anhydride.

Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 U.S. Appln. No. 10/781,862

4. (currently amended): The polymerizable composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound (A) is one having at least onea group represented by the following formula (I):

wherein:

X represents a divalent connection group selected from -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -NH-, -N( $\mathbb{R}^3$ )-, and -CO-,

R<sup>3</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent substituent,

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent substituent, provided that  $R^1$  and  $R^2$ , or either one of  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  may be taken together to form a ring structure.

5. (original): The polymerizable composition according to claim 1, wherein the compound (A) is a monocarboxylic acid compound represented by the following formula (I-2):

$$R^{1}$$
 $A-X^{1}-C-CO_{2}H$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $(1-2)$ 

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=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:08:52 ON 10 APR 2006
=> d his
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:47:35 ON 10 APR 2006
              1 S US20050106495/PN
L1
                SEL RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:47:58 ON 10 APR 2006
             42 S E1-E42
1.2
L3
                STR
                SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918
L4
                SCR 1526
L5
             50 S L3 AND L5 NOT L4
L6
             50 S L3 AND L5
L7
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L8
             37 S L2 AND L8
L9
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:30:10 ON 10 APR 2006
         22987 S L9
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             7 S L10(L)LITHOG?(3A)PRECURS?
L11
L12
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             10 S L11 OR L12
L13
L14
              1 S L13 AND L1
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         53388 S L20
L22
L23
        951630 S L21
L24
        998615 S L18 OR L22 OR L23
L25
         975628 S L24 NOT L10
L26
            29 S L25 (L) LITHOG? (3A) PRECURS?
L27
             39 S L13 OR L26
L28
             37 S L27 AND P/DT
            29 S L28 AND (1907-2003)/PRY,AY
L29
               SEL L29 HIT RN 1-
L30
             1 S L29 AND L1
=> d que 129
             42 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (103-01-5/BI OR
L2
                1137-73-1/BI OR 122-59-8/BI OR 161555-27-7/BI OR
                35676-11-0/BI OR 3959-23-7/BI OR 60085-74-7/BI OR
                62952-26-5/BI OR 6915-15-7/BI OR 743422-66-4/BI OR
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                743422-73-3/BI OR 743422-74-4/BI OR 743422-75-5/BI OR
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743422-76-6/BI OR 743422-77-7/BI OR 743422-78-8/BI OR 743422-79-9/BI OR 743422-80-2/BI OR 743422-81-3/BI OR 743422-82-4/BI OR 743422-83-5/BI OR 743422-84-6/BI OR 743422-85-7/BI OR 743422-86-8/BI OR 743422-88-0/BI OR 743422-89-1/BI OR 743422-90-4/BI OR 743422-92-6/BI OR 743422-93-7/BI OR 743422-96-0/BI OR 743422-98-2/BI OR 743422-99-3/BI OR 743423-00-9/BI OR 743423-01-0/BI OR 743423-02-1/BI OR 743423-03-2/BI) STR
```

L3 STR  $G1 \sim C \sim COOH \qquad C = O$   $1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \qquad @4 \quad 5$ 

VAR G1=O/S/SO2/N/4 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 5

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE SCR 2043 OR 1840 OR 1918 L4 L5 SCR 1526 648230 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3 AND L5 NOT L4 L8 37 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L8 L9 22987 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 L10 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10(L)LITHOG?(3A)PRECU L11RS? 10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND LITHOG? (3A) PRE L12CURS? 10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 OR L12 L13648230 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 OR L8 L15 300000 SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(344564-47-2,) ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 L8 OR L8 348230 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 NOT L16 1.17 L18 90086 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 348230 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 OR L17 L19 150000 SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(148832-92-2,) ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 L17 OR L17 198230 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 NOT L20 L21 L22 53388 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20 L23 951630 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON 1.21 PLU=ON L24 998615 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L18 OR L22 OR L23 PLU=ON L25 975628 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L24 NOT L10 L26 29 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 (L) LITHOG? (3A) PRECU RS? L27 39 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 OR L26 PLU=ON L27 AND P/DT L28 37 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON 29 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L28 AND (1907-2003)/PR L29 Y, AY

=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:09:11 ON 10 APR 2006

=> d l29 1-29 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:471468 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:16521

TITLE:

Light-sensitive lithographic printing plate precursors and

process method therefor

INVENTOR(S):

Suzuki, Toshitsugu; Konuma, Taro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Konica Minolta Medical & Graphic, Inc., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 39 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE /	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		/-		
JP 2005141129	A2	20050602	JP 2003-379537	
				2003
				1110
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-379537	
				2003
				1110
	•		/	

AB The title precursor has a photopolymerizable material layer and a protective layer on a support, wherein the protective layer contains a water-soluble polymer and diacetyl L-glutamate. The precursor provides a printing plate generating little fine dot stain on background after restarting a printer and generates reduced amount of sludge during the development process.

IT 56-85-9D, Glutamine, diacetyl derivative

(light-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursors and process method therefor)

RN 56-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IC ICM G03F007-11

ICS G03F007-00; G03F007-32; G03F007-38

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST light lithog printing plate precursor

IT Lithographic plates

(precursor, light-sensitive; light-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursors and process method therefor)

IT 56-85-9D, Glutamine, diacetyl derivative (light-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursors and process method therefor)

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L29 ANSWER 2 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
```

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:259485 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:345190

TITLE: Photosensitive composition and

lithographic printing plate precursor using the same

INVENTOR(S): Yanaka, Hiromitsu; Goto, Takahiro PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 34 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
A1	20050324	US 2004-947260	Х
	,		200≰ 09⁄23
		<	7
A2	20050414	JP 2003-331528	2003
	/ /		0924
2.1	20070220	<	
AI	20050330	EP 2004-22/92	2004
	,		0924
		A1 20050324  A2 20050414	A1 20050324 US 2004-947260  A2 20050414 JP 2003-331528

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-331528 A

<---

2003 0924

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:345190

AB A photosensitive composition comprises (A) polymerizable compound A{O[(CH(R1)CH(R2))mO]nC(O)C(R3):CH2}p (R1-3 = H, Me; A = polyhydric alc. residue, polyhydric phenol residue; m = 1-6; n = 1-20; p = 1-6), (B) an IR absorber, and (C) an onium salt.

IT 743422-98-2

(photosensitive composition for **lithog.** printing plate **precursor**)

RN 743422-98-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl]-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & | & || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C--} \text{CH}_2\text{--} \text{N---} \text{CH}_2\text{---} \text{C---} \text{NHPh} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03C001-492

ICS G03C001-005; G03F007-26

INCL 430270100; 430302000; 430627000

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

```
photosensitive compn lithog printing plate
ST
    precursor
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (photosensitive composition for lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
     9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone
IT
        (Rubiscole K 30; photosensitive composition for lithog.
        printing plate precursor)
IT
     183745-11-1 743422-98-2 848489-55-4
        (photosensitive composition for lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
     709037-26-3
IT
        (photosensitive composition for lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
     9003-20-7D, Polyvinyl acetate, saponified 64401-02-1, Bisphenol
IT
     A-ethyleneoxide adduct diacrylate 80937-22-0 91105-84-9
        (photosensitive composition for lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
L29 ANSWER 3 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:209978 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:306465
                         Photopolymerizable photoimaging composition
TITLE:
                         and negatively-working directly-imaging
                         lithographic printing plate
                         precursors made thereof
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fujimaki, Kazuhiro
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 81 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese .
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                20050/310
                                            JP 2003-292453
     JP 2005062478
                          A2
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0812
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-292453
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0812
AB
     The title composition contains a compound with an amino groups and
     hydroxy groups, an IR-absorber, a radical polymerization initiator, and
     ethylenic unsatd. compds. The composition shows high sensitivity and
     good storageability and provides highly durable layers.
     847564-92-5 847564-95-8
IT
        (compound with an amino groups and hydroxy groups in composition)
RN
     847564-92-5 HCAPLUS
CN
     Acetic acid, [2-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
```

RN 847564-95-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [4-chloro-2-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G03F007-004

ICS C08F002-44; G03F007-00

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST photopolymerizable photoimaging compn neg lithog printing plate precursor

IT Photolithography

(photopolymerizable photoimaging composition and neg.-working directly-imaging lithog. printing plate

precursors therefrom)

IT Photoimaging materials

(photopolymerizable; photopolymerizable photoimaging composition and neg.-working directly-imaging lithog. printing plate precursors therefrom)

102-71-6, uses IT 93-90-3 111-42-2, uses 120-07-0 122-96-3, 140-07-8 732-51-4 3040-44-6, 1,4-Piperazinediethanol 1-Piperidineethanol 6303-96-4 6315-51-1 13127-77-0 19721-54-1 27076-96-6 71345-8 121459-15-2, 1H-Indole-1-ethanol 71345-85-2 89943-04-4 847564-87-8 847564-92-5 847564-93-6 847564-95-8 (compound with an amino groups and hydroxy groups in composition)

L29 ANSWER 4 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:140645 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:228773

TITLE: Lithographic printing plate

precursor and lithographic

printing method

INVENTOR(S): Sonokawa, Koji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 31 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

```
APPLICATION NO.
                                                                       DATE
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                 20050217
                                              US 2004-917354
     US 2005037282
                           A1
                                                                       2004
                                                                       0813
                                 20050610
                                              JP 2003-293814
     JP 2005059446
                           A2
                                                                       2003
                                                                       0815
     CN 1579804
                                              CN 2004-10057737
                                                                       2004
                                                                       0816
                                                  <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                              JP 2003-293814
                                                                       2003
                                                                       0815
```

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 142:228773

AB A lithog. printing plate precursor comprises:
a support; and an image recording layer containing (A) an IR absorbing
agent, (B) a polymerization initiator, (C) a polymerizable compound and (D)
a compound having a carboxylate group and being removable with at
least one of a printing ink and a fountain solution

<--

IT 103-01-5 122-59-8 1137-73-1 3959-23-7 35676-11-0 161555-27-7 743422-80-2 743422-81-3 743422-82-4 743422-92-6 743422-98-2

(compound having a carboxylate group; lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

RN 103-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PhNH-CH2-CO2H

RN 122-59-8 HCAPLUS CN Acetic acid, phenoxy- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Pho-CH2-CO2H

RN 1137-73-1 HCAPLUS CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $\begin{array}{c} & \text{Ph} \\ \mid \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$ 

RN 3959-23-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, (phenylsulfonyl) - (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 35676-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 161555-27-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & | & || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 743422-80-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(4-benzoylphenyl)-N-(carboxymethyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \\ \parallel & \\ C-Ph \\ \\ MeO-C-CH_2-N \\ \parallel & \\ O & CH_2-CO_2H \end{array}$$

RN 743422-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-4-pyridinyl-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-92-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]
 ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-98-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl]-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & | & || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{NHPh} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-00

INCL 430270100; 430302000

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST lithog printing plate precursor

IT Lithographic plates

(lithog. printing plate precursor and

lithog. printing method)

IT 103-01-5 122-59-8 334-48-5, Decanoic acid

528-44-9, 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid **1137-73-1 3959-23-7** 4282-31-9, 2,5-Thiophenedicarboxylic acid

16024-56-9 16024-58-1 **35676-11-0 161555-27-7** 

743422-80-2 743422-81-3 743422-82-4

**743422-92-6 743422-98-2** 844499-45-2

844499-46-3

(compound having a carboxylate group; lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

L29 ANSWER 5 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:140644 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:228772

TITLE: Heat-sensitive lithographic printing

plate precursor

INVENTOR(S): Loccufier, Johan; Groenedaal, Bert; Van Damme,

Marc; Van Aert, Huub

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agfa-Gevaert, Belg.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APP	LICATION NO.	:	DATE
	US 2005037280	A1	20050217	US	2004-916154		2004
	EP 1506858	<b>A</b> 2	20050216	EP	< 2004-103278	\	0811
					<b></b>		2004 0709
	MC, PT, IE,	DE, DK SI, LT	, LV, FI, RO		, IT, LI, LU, NL, , CY, AL, TR, BG,		,
	EE, HU, PL, JP 2005062875	SK, HR A2	20050310	JP	2004-234783		2004 0811
DDIOD	ITY APPLN. INFO.:				< 2003-102522	A	0811
TRIOR	arran and and and and and and and and and a				2003 102322		2003 0813
				US	< 2003-499428P	P	2002
					<		2003 0902

GI

AB A heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate
precursor is disclosed which comprises a hydrophilic
support and an oleophilic coating comprising an IR absorbing agent
and a developer soluble polymer which comprises a phenolic monomeric
unit wherein the Ph group of the phenolic monomeric unit is
substituted by a group I (L1,3 are linking groups; a, b and c are
0 or 1; and T1,3 are terminal groups), which is covalently linked
to a carbon atom of the Ph group. The polymer, substituted by
the group I, increases the chemical resistance of the coating.

IT 142-73-4DP, reaction products with novolac resin

(heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate

precursor containing)

RN 142-73-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
HO_2C-CH_2-NH-CH_2-CO_2H
```

ICM G03C001-76 TC

INCL 430270100

74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

heat sensitive lithog printing plate precursor ST

Optical materials IT

> (IR absorbers; heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

ΙT IR materials

> (absorbers; heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

Lithographic plates IT

(heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate

precursor)

Phenolic resins, uses IT

(novolak; heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate

precursor containing)

50-00-0DP, Formaldehyde, reaction products with novolac resin IT 100-46-9DP, Benzylamine, reaction products with novolac resin 109-83-1DP, reaction products with novolac resin 110-91-8DP, Morpholine, reaction products with novolac resin 123-75-1DP, Pyrrolidine, reaction products with novolac resin 124-02-7P 141-43-5DP, 2-Aminoethanol, reaction products with novolac resin 142-73-4DP, reaction products with novolac resin

100346-90-5DP, Alnovol SPN 452, terminated (heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate

precursor containing)

844476-75-1, Bakelite 6866LB03 IT

(heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

L29 ANSWER 6 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:36461 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:123227

TITLE:

Lithographic printing plate precursor and lithographic

printing method

INVENTOR(S):

Mitsumoto, Tomoyoshi; Makino, Naonori

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005008971	A1	20050113	US 2004-885807	
05 2003000371	•••	20030113	33 2001 000007	2004 0708
JP 2005041206	A2	20050217	< JP 2004-175090	
•				2004
	USHA	SHRESTHA	EIC 1700 REM 4B28	

0614 <--CN 1577087 20050209 CN 2004-10063829 2004 0712 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-272909 2003 0710 <--JP 2004-175090 2004 0614

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:123227

AB A lithog. printing plate precursor comprises:
a support; an undercoat layer; and an image recording layer containing
a polymerization initiator, a polymerizable compound and an IR ray
absorbing agent, the image recording layer being removable with at

least one of a printing ink and a fountain solution, in this order, wherein the undercoat layer contains a compound having (a) an ethylenically unsatd. bond and (b) a functional group capable of adsorbing to a surface of the support.

IT 823814-93-3 823814-94-4

(lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

RN 823814-93-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[bis(carboxymethyl)amino]-, 1-[2-[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethoxy]ethyl] ester (9CI) · (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 823814-94-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[bis(carboxymethyl)amino]-, 1-(14-methyl-13-oxo-3,6,9,12-tetraoxapentadec-14-en-1-yl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ | \\ | \\ C-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-$$

PAGE 1-B

IC ICM G03C001-76

INCL 430270100

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST lithog printing plate precursor

IT Lithographic plates

(lithog. printing plate precursor and

lithog. printing method)

IT 52297-22-0 155914-99-1 823814-93-3 823814-94-4

823814-95-5 823814-96-6 823814-97-7

(lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

L29 ANSWER 7 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:837357 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:340428

TITLE: Photosensitive composition and

lithographic printing plate

precursor

INVENTOR(S):

Murota, Yasubumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 39 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATEN	T NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 EP 14	 67250	A2	20041013	EP 2004-8640	
					2004
					0408
				<	
EP 14	67250 ·	A3	20050608		
R				B, GR, IT, LI, LU,	
				O, MK, CY, AL, TR,	BG, CZ,
	EE, HU, PL,	•			
JP 20	04309976	A2	29041104	JP 2003-106677	
					2003
				•	0410
770 00	04000055	3.1	00041014	< US 2004-819184	
US 20	04202957	A1	20041014	05 2004-819184	2004
					(2004 )
				<	0407
PRIORITY A	PPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-106677	A
INIONIII	111111. 11110			01 2003 1000,,	2003
					0410
					0410

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:340428

AB Disclosed is a photosensitive composition for litog. printing plate,

<--

containing an IR absorber, a borate compound, a polymerizable compound, a binder polymer, and a compound having a weight average mol. weight of ≤ 3,000 and containing at least one carboxylic acid group. According to the invention, it is possible to provide a photosensitive composition having high sensitivity and good storage stability (unprocessed stock storability) and useful as a photosensitive layer of a neg. working lithog. printing plate precursor. Also, it is possible to provide a neg. working lithog. printing plate precursor capable of being recorded with high sensitivity by IR laser and having excellent storage stability (unprocessed stock storability) and printing resistance. IT 103-01-5 1137-73-1 (photosensitive composition and lithog. printing plate precursor) 103-01-5 HCAPLUS RNGlycine, N-phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN  $PhNH-CH_2-CO_2H$ RΝ 1137-73-1 HCAPLUS CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Ph  $HO_2C - CH_2 - N - CH_2 - CO_2H$ IC ICM G03F007-004 ICS B41C001-10 CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38 ST photosensitive compn lithog printing plate precursor IT Lithographic plates (neg.-working presensitized; photosensitive composition and lithog. printing plate precursor) Polyurethanes, uses ΙT (photosensitive composition and lithog. printing plate precursor) ΙT 67653-78-5P, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, homopolymer 181192-15-4P (photosensitive composition and lithog. printing plate precursor) 88-99-3, 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, uses 103-01-5 119-80-2 528-44-9, 1,2,4-Benzenetricarboxylic acid 1137-73-1 4282-31-9, 2,5-Thiophenedicarboxylic acid 15522-59-5 29570-58-9, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate 191726-69-9 91105-84-9 183745-11-1 199127-03-2 293329-29-0 658705-94-3 676349-80-7 (photosensitive composition and lithog. printing plate precursor) L29 ANSWER 8 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:753228 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:285830 TITLE: Developing solution for lithographic

printing plate precursor, and method for preparing lithographic printing plate

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Takamiya, Shuichi Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

Eur. Pat. Appl., 64 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1457836	A2	2004/0915	EP 2004-5605	
		/		2004
				0309

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FT, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK 2004,0930 JP 2003-63650 JP 2004271985

2003 0310

US 2004185371

A1 20040923 US 2004-795369

2004 0309

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-63650

2003 0310

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:285830

The present invention relates to an alkaline developing solution for AB development of a presensitized plate for use in making a lithog. printing plate, which developing solution comprises a polyoxyalkylene adduct of alkylene diamine, and at least one selected from the group consisting of anionic surfactants and amphoteric surfactants; a method for preparing a lithog. printing plate comprising the steps of light-exposing a presensitized plate for use in making a lithog. printing plate, and developing the light-exposed plate with the above alkaline developing solution IT 683-10-3

(surfactant; developing solution for lithog. printing plate **precursor** containing)

683-10-3 HCAPLUS RN

1-Dodecanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt CN(CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{Me} \\ | \\ -\text{O}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{N} \xrightarrow{+} (\text{CH}_2)_{11} - \text{Me} \\ | \\ & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-30 ICS G03F007-32

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CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
ST
     developing soln lithog printing plate precursor
     surfactant
IT
     Surfactants
        (amphoteric; developing solution for lithog. printing
        plate precursor containing)
IT
     Surfactants
        (anionic; developing solution for lithog. printing plate
        precursor containing)
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (developing solution for lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
                                           9003-11-6D,
                               3546-96-1
IT
     151-21-3, uses 683-10-3
     Oxirane-methyloxirane copolymer, r.p. with ethylenediamine
     14960-06-6 26545-58-4
                               27014-42-2 27176-87-0
                                                         31094-14-1
                                            757955-10-5
                  40382-75-0
                               59269-54-4
                                                           757955-13-8
     40032-04-0
     757955-18-3
        (surfactant; developing solution for lithog. printing
        plate precursor containing)
L29 ANSWER 9 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:700261 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         141:215685
TITLE:
                         Polymerizable composition and
                         lithographic printing plate
                         precursor
                         Fujimaki, Kazuhiro
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Eur. Pat. Appl., 96 pp.
                         CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
     EP 1449651
                                            EP 2004-3844
                          A2
                                                                    2004
                                                                    0220
     EP 1449651
                          A3
                                20050504
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
             MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI,/RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,
             EE, HU, SK
     JP 2004310000
                          A2
                                            JP 2003-194852
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0710
     CN 1525249
                                            CN 2004-10007009
                                                                    2004
                                                                    0220
     US 2005106495
                          A1
                                20050519
                                            US 2004-781862
                                                                    2004
                                                                    0220
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2003-43087
```

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2003
                                                                    0220
                                            JP 2003-194852
                                                                Α
                                                                    2003
                                                                    0710
                                               <--
    A polymerizable composition comprises: (A) a compound which causes at
AB
     least one of decarboxylation and dehydration by heat; (B) a
     radical initiator; (C) a compound having at least one ethylenically
     unsatd. bond; and (D) an IR ray absorber and a lithog.
     printing plate precursor comprising a support and a
     recording layer comprising said polymerizable composition
     103-01-5 122-59-8 1137-73-1
IT
     3959-23-7 6915-15-7 35676-11-0
     60085-74-7 161555-27-7 743422-66-4
     743422-67-5 743422-68-6 743422-69-7
     743422-70-0 743422-73-3 743422-74-4
     743422-76-6 743422-77-7 743422-78-8
     743422-79-9 743422-80-2 743422-81-3
     743422-82-4 743422-83-5 743422-84-6
     743422-85-7 743422-86-8 743422-88-0
     743422-90-4 743422-92-6 743422-93-7
     743422-96-0 743422-98-2 743422-99-3
     743423-00-9 743423-01-0 743423-02-1
     743423-03-2
        (polymerizable composition and lithog. printing plate
        precursor containing)
RN
     103-01-5 HCAPLUS
     Glycine, N-phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
PhNH-CH2-CO2H
RN
     122-59-8 HCAPLUS
    Acetic acid, phenoxy- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
PhO-CH2-CO2H
RN
     1137-73-1 HCAPLUS
     Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
          Ph
HO_2C-CH_2-N-CH_2-CO_2H
RN
     3959-23-7 HCAPLUS
    Acetic acid, (phenylsulfonyl) - (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

RN 6915-15-7 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C---} \text{CH----} \text{CH}_2\text{----} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 35676-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 60085-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N,N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\mathtt{Ph_2N-CH_2-CO_2H}$$

RN 161555-27-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & | & || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 743422-66-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, (3,5-dichlorophenoxy) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-67-5 HCAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2,2'-[(4-chloro-1,3-phenylene)bis(oxy)]bis- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-68-6 HCAPLUS
CN Propanoic acid, 2,2'-[methylenebis[(4-chloro-2,1-phenylene)oxy]]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-69-7 HCAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

$$CH_2-CO_2H$$
 $N-CH_2-CO_2H$ 

RN 743422-70-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [2-(acetylamino)-4-chlorophenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-73-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl]-N-2-pyridinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & N \\
 & N - CH_2 - C - NHPh \\
 & | & | \\
 & HO_2C - CH_2 & O
\end{array}$$

RN 743422-74-4 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2,2',2''-[1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-triyltris(oxy)]tris-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-76-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-(3-chlorophenyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-77-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-78-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-79-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-80-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(4-benzoylphenyl)-N-(carboxymethyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \\ \parallel & \\ C-Ph \\ \hline \\ O & CH_2-CO_2H \\ \end{array}$$

RN 743422-81-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-4-pyridinyl-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} MeO-C-CH_2-N \\ \hline \\ O & CH_2-CO_2H \end{array}$$

RN 743422-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-83-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} \\ || & | \\ \text{O-C-CH}_2 - \text{N-CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me-CH-CH}_2 - \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

RN 743422-84-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & | & || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{OPh} \end{array}$$

RN 743422-85-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-[(tetrahydro-2furanyl)methyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-86-8 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-88-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-(tetrahydro-2-oxo-3-furanyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-90-4 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-(2-thienylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & O & Ph \\ || & || \\ & || \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array}$$

RN 743422-92-6 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-[(trimethylsilyl)methyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-93-7 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-, 1-methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2 & \text{O} \\ & & \parallel \\ & \text{N}-\text{CH}_2-\text{C}-\text{OMe} \\ \\ & \text{Cl} \end{array}$$

RN 743422-96-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl-, 1-heptyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{Ph} \\ & || & | \\ \text{Me- (CH}_2)_6 - \text{O- C- CH}_2 - \text{N- CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 743422-98-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-{2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl}-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 743422-99-3 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{MeO} & \text{CH}_2\text{-CO}_2\text{H} \\ \hline & \text{N-CH}_2\text{-C-NH} \\ \hline & \text{O} \end{array}$$

RN 743423-00-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(3-chlorophenyl)-N-[2-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} C1 & CH_2-CO_2H & C1 \\ \hline & N-CH_2-C-NH & C1 \\ \hline & C1 & C1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

RN 743423-01-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-[(1-methylethyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl]-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & | & || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C--} \text{CH}_2 - \text{N---} \text{CH}_2 - \text{C---} \text{NHPr-i} \end{array}$$

RN 743423-02-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
NH - C - CH_2 - N - CH_2 - CO_2H
RN
     743423-03-2 HCAPLUS
CN
     Glycine, N-[2-oxo-2-(phenylamino)ethyl]-N-(4-sulfophenyl)- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
       HO2C-CH2
                CH2-C-NHPh
HO<sub>3</sub>S
IC
     ICM B41C001-10
     ICS G03F007-004
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     polymerizable compn lithog printing plate
ST
     precursor
IT
     Dyes
        (IR-absorbing; polymerizable composition and lithog.
        printing plate precursor)
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (polymerizable composition and lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
IT
     103-01-5 122-59-8 1137-73-1
     3959-23-7 6915-15-7 35676-11-0
                 62952-26-5 161555-27-7
     60085-74-7
     743422-66-4 743422-67-5 743422-68-6
     743422-69-7 743422-70-0
                               743422-71-1
     743422-72-2 743422-73-3 743422-74-4
     743422-75-5 743422-76-6 743422-77-7
     743422-78-8 743422-79-9 743422-80-2
     743422-81-3 743422-82-4 743422-83-5
     743422-84-6 743422-85-7 743422-86-8
     743422-88-0
                  743422-89-1 743422-90-4
     743422-92-6 743422-93-7 743422-96-0
     743422-98-2 743422-99-3 743423-00-9
     743423-01-0 743423-02-1 743423-03-2
        (polymerizable composition and lithog. printing plate
        precursor containing)
L29 ANSWER LO_OF 29
                      HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:392172 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:397389
TITLE:
                         Hetero-substituted aryl acetic acid
                         co-initiators for IR-sensitive compositions
                         for manufacturing negative-working printing
                         plate precursors
INVENTOR (S):
                         Munnelly, Heidi M.; West, Paul R.; Timpe,
```

Hans-joachim; Muller, Ursula; Huang, Jianbing

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004091811	<b>A</b> 1	20040513	US 2002-283757	2002 1030
US 6309792	В1	20011030	< US 2000-690898	2000
US 2003003399	A1	20030102	< US 2001-832989	1017 2001
US 6864040	B2	20050308	<	0411
JP .2003012713	A2 .	20030115	JP 2002-107119	2002 0409
US 2002197564	A1	20021226	< US 2002-131866	2002 0425
US 6884568 WO 2003091022	B2 A1	20050426 20031106	< WO 2003-EP4271	
			, <	2003 0424
CH, CN, GB, GD, KP, KR, MN, MW,	CO, CR, CU GE, GH, GM KZ, LC, LK MX, MZ, NO	, CZ, DE, , HR, HU, , LR, LS, , NZ, OM,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ,	FI, KG, MK, SD,
RW: GH, GM, AZ, BY, DE, DK, PT, RO,	KG, KZ, MD EE, ES, FI	MZ, SD, RU, TJ, FR, GB, TR, BF,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, TG	CZ, NL,
			AU 2003-233055	2003 0424
JP 2005523484	Т2	20050804	< JP 2003-587621	2003 0424
WO 2004041544	A1	20040521	< WO 2003-US33820	2003

USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

1023

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             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ,
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             PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
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             EE, HU, SK
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                                               BR 2003-15651
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     JP 2006505009
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                               WO 2000-EP1349
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                                                                        0204
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                                               US 2002-131866
                                                                        2002
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:397389

AB The invention relates to an IR-sensitive composition comprising, in addition to a polymeric binder, a free radical polymerizable system consisting of at least one member selected from unsatd. free radical polymerizable monomers, oligomers which are free radical polymerizable, and polymers containing C=C bonds in the back bone and/or in the side chain groups and an initiator system, wherein the initiator system comprises the following components: (a) at least one material capable of absorbing IR radiation, (b) at least one compound capable of producing radicals and (c) at least one hereto-substituted arylacetic acid co-initiator compound such as phenoxyacetic acid, (2-methoxyphenoxy) acetic acid, etc.

IT 103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine 122-59-8,

Phenoxyacetic acid

(hetero-substituted aryl acetic acid co-initiators for ir-sensitive compns.)

RN 103-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PhNH-CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H

RN 122-59-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, phenoxy- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PhO-CH2-CO2H

IC ICM G03F007-038

ICS G03F007-11

INCL 430270100; 430273100; 430281100; 430286100; 430302000; 430309000; 430434000; 430494000; 430944000; 430945000

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Lithographic plates

(IR-sensitive, precursor; hetero-substituted aryl acetic acid co-initiators for ir-sensitive compns. for manufacturing neg.-working printing plate precursors)

IT 87-51-4, Indole-3-acetic acid, uses 103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine 122-59-8, Phenoxyacetic acid 1878-85-9, (2-Methoxyphenoxy)acetic acid 95735-63-0,

3,4-Dimethoxyphenylthioacetic acid (hetero-substituted aryl acetic acid co-initiators for ir-sensitive compns.)

L29 ANSWER 11 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:305338 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:329569

TITLE:

Lithographic printing plate

precursor and method for printing

plate making using the same

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Oshima, Yasuhito; Makino, Naonori Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 61 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE /	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		/		
JP 2004114440	A2	20040415	JP 2002-279573	
				2002
				0925
			< '	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-279573	
		/		2002
				0925
	/		/	

The title printing plate precursor has an image-forming layer on a AB hydrophilic support, /wherein the image-forming layer contains a salt of a heat-sensitive carboxylic acid and di- or tetraacid organic base and ethylenic unsatd. compds. having carbonyl groups, and a light-to-heat converting compound The printing plate precursor shows the high sensitivity and provides printing plate of good printing resistance.

IT 97649-40-6D, [4-(Phenylsulfonyl)phenylsulfonyl]acetic acid, salt with amine

> (lithog. printing plate precursor and method for printing plate making using the same)

97649-40-6 HCAPLUS RN

CN Acetic acid, [[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM B41N001-14

ICS B41C001-055; G03F007-00; G03F007-004

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

```
ST
     lithog printing plate precursor
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (lithog. printing plate precursor and
        method for printing plate making using the same)
IT
     2451-62-9, Triglycidyl isocyanurate 4986-89-4, Pentaerythritol
                    25068-38-6, Epikote 1004 97649-40-6D,
     tetraacrylate
     [4-(Phenylsulfonyl)phenylsulfonyl]acetic acid, salt with amine
     136168-27-9D, Guanidine, N,N'''-1,2-ethanediylbis[N',N''-
     dicyclohexyl-, salt with acetic acid derivative
        (lithog. printing plate precursor and
        method for printing plate making using the same)
L29 ANSWER 12 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:768384 HCAPLUS
                         139:283398
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                         Photopolymerizable composition suitable for
                         manufacturing light-sensitive direct-imaging
                         lithographic printing plate
                         precursor
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kunita, Kazuto; Kondo, Shunichi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 100 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                DATE
     JP 2003280187
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                                20031002
                                            JP 2002-83561
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0325
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2002-83561
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0325
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 139:283398
     The title composition contains compound (Q1)k-R-(Q2)m ( Q1-2 =
     CH2=C(Z)COO-R1-NHCO2-, CH2=C(COX2)CH(Ra)-OCO-R2-OCONH-; Z=H,
     CH3, alkyl; R1-2 aliphatic hydrocarbon; Ra = H, hydrocarbon; R =
     n-valent hydrocarbon; 2 \le n = k + m \le 6 integer; k = 0-6
     integer; m = 0-6 integer). The composition provides printing plates
     precursors of high sensitivity and good storageability and
     printing plates of high printing durability.
IT
     50-21-5, 2/Hydroxypropionic acid, reactions
        (photopolymerizable composition suitable for manufacturing light-sensitive
        lithog/ printing plate precursor)
     50-2\ -5 /HCAPLUS
RN
     Propahoi/c acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
   OH
Me-CH-COAH
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ICM G03F007-027

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ICS C08F020-34; C08F022-22; G03F007-00
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
ST
     photopolymerizable compn manufg lithog printing plate
     precursor
IT
     Light-sensitive materials
     Lithographic plates
        (photopolymerizable composition suitable for manufacturing light-sensitive
        lithog. printing plate precursor)
IT
     607388-55-6P
        (m pphotopolymerizable composition suitable for manufacturing
        light-sensitive lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
     50-21-5, 2-Hydroxypropionic acid, reactions
IT
                                                    822-06-0,
     Hexamethylenediisocyanate 7426-71-3, Trimethylolbutane
     30674-80-7, 2-(Methacryloyloxy)ethyl isocyanate
        (photopolymerizable composition suitable for manufacturing light-sensitive
        lithog. printing plate precursor)
IT
     51265-15-7P
                   102338-03-4P 361176-51-4P
                                                  607388-48-7P
     607388-49-8P
                    607388-50-1P
                                   607388-51-2P
                                                   607388-52-3P
     607388-53-4P
                    607388-54-5P
                                   607388-56-7P
                                                   607388-57-8P
     607388-58-9P
                    607388-59-0P
                                   607388-60-3P
                                                   607388-61-4P
     607388-62-5P
                    607388-63-6P
                                   607388-64-7P
                                                   607388-65-8P
     607388-66-9P
                    607388-67-0P
        (photopolymerizable composition suitable for manufacturing light-sensitive
        lithog. printing plate precursor)
L29 ANSWER 13 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:757173 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         139:268033
TITLE:
                         Thermally-convertible lithographic
                         printing precursor developable with
                         aqueous medium
                         Goodin, Jonathan W.; Emans, John; Christall,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Keith; Ya, Yisong; Rademacher, Katja
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         U.S./Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp., Cont.-in-part
                         of /U. S. Ser. No. 909,791, abandoned.
                         CØDEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNTY
                         11
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
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                                                                    DATE
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     US 200318Ø658
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    US 2002081519
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1226

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us	2002187428	A1	20021212	< US 2001-785338	0220 2001 0220
US	2003017416	A1	20030123	< US 2001-909777	2001 0723
US	2003017417	A1	20030123	< US 2001-909791	2001 0723
US	2003017413	A1	20030123	< US 2001-909792	2001 0723
US	2003017410	A1	20030123	< US 2001-909964	2001 0723
МО	2004066029	A2	20040805	< WO 2003-CA1155	2003 0730
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	AZ, BY, KG, DE, DK, EE,	KZ, M ES, F SI, S	D, RU, TJ, TI, FR, GB, K, TR, BF,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,	CY, CZ, MC, NL,
AU	2003254664	A1		. AU 2003-254664	2003 0730
PRIORITY	APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-745520	A2 2000 1226
				US 2000-745548	A2 2000 1226
				< US 2001-785338	B2 2001 0220
				< US 2001-785339	B2 2001 0220

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US	2001-909777	A2	2001 0723
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US	2001-909791	B2	2001 0723
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US	2001-909792	A2	2001 0723
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US	2001-909964	B2	2001 0723
HC	< 2003-347836	Α	
US	2003-34/030	A	2003 0122
	<		
WO	2003-CA1155	W	2003 0730
	<		

AB A lithog. printing precursor for lithog. offset printing comprises a layer of imageable medium on a hydrophilic base. The imageable medium comprises hydrophobic polymer particles in an aqueous medium, a substance for converting light into heat, and a non-crosslinkable aqueous-soluble composition The lithog. printing precursor may be used to make lithog. printing surfaces that obtain long run lengths on lower quality paper and in the presence of press-room chems. The lithog. printing precursor can be imaged and developed on-press and the imageable medium and can also be sprayed onto a hydrophilic surface to create a printing surface that may be processed wholly on-press. It can also be processed in the more conventional fully off-press fashion. hydrophilic surface can be a printing plate substrate or the printing cylinder of a printing press or a sleeve around the printing cylinder of a printing press. The cylinder can be

conventional or seamless.

IT 50-21-5, DL-Lactic acid, uses 60-00-4,
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, uses 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses

(thermally-convertible lithog. printing precursor developable with aqueous medium)

RN 50-21-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ОН
|
Ме— СН— СО<sub>2</sub>Н
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RN 60-00-4 HCAPLUS CN Glycine, N,N'-1,2-ethanediylbis[N-(carboxymethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CH_2 - CO_2H
RN
     77-92-9 HCAPLUS
CN
     1,2,3-Propanetricarbox/lic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
          CO<sub>2</sub>H
HO_2C-CH_2-C-CH_2-CO_2H
          OH
     ICM G03F007-038
IC
     ICS G03F007-09; G03F007-30
INCL 430270100; 43/0138000; 430275100; 430278100; 430281100; 430286100;
     430302000; 430309000; 430348000; 430401000
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprøgraphic Processes)
ST
     thermally/convertible lithog printing plate
     precursor aq developable
     Lithographic plates
IT
        (the mally-convertible lithog. printing
        pregursor developable with aqueous medium)
IT
     Carbon black, uses
        (thermally-convertible lithog. printing
        precursor developable with aqueous medium)
IT
     50-21-5, DL-Lactic acid, uses 60-00-4,
     Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, uses 77-92-9, Citric
                109-07-9, 2-Methylpiperazine 110-85-0, Piperazine,
     ac/id, uses
            141-82-2, Malonic acid, uses 497-19-8, Sodium carbonate,
     uses
            557-34-6, Zinc acetate 7632-05-5, Sodium phosphate
     uses
     14024-63-6, Zinc acetylacetonate 14220-26-9, Copper
     acetylacetonate 26400-93-1 40530-01-6, Rhoplex WL 91
     116788-76-2, Rhoplex WL-51 134127-48-3, ADS 830A 365276-78-4,
     Flexbond 289 438462-36-3, Texigel 13-800 438462-37-4, UCAR 471
     438462-38-5, HG-1630 485831-81-0, Xenacryl 2651 603952-77-8,
     ADS 830WS
        (thermally-convertible lithog. printing
        precursor developable with aqueous medium)
L29 ANSWER 14 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:711895 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         139:237758
TITLE:
                         Manufacture of lithographic plate by
                         development of heat-mode precursor by using
                         rubber solution
INVENTOR (S):
                         Van Hunsel, Johan; Vermeersh, Joan;
                         Kokkelenberg, Dirk
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Agfa Gevaert N.V., Belg.
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003255527	A2	20030910	JP 2003-56973	
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EP 1586448	A1	20051019	EP 2005-104140	
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R: BE, DE, FR,				
US 2003170570	A1	20030911	US 2003-379362	
				2003
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 2002-100226	A
				2002
		;		0306
			\$ <	_
		/	US 2002-366884P	P
		Į.		2002
	r	/		0322
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AB The lithog. plate is manufactured from a heat mode precursor having a surface coating layer containing hydrophilic thermoplastic polymer particles on a hydrophilic support surface by (a) exposing of the precursor to heat so that the polymer particles are coagulated on the exposed region and (b) applying of a rubber solution for development by removal of the masked region. The precursor can be developed and gummed up by the single step. 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses

IT

(development and gumming up of heat mode lithog. plate **precursor**/by rubber solution containing)

RN77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ICM G03F007-004 ICS G03F007-00 IC

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 39, 41, 46

IT Surfactants

> (development and gumming up of heat mode lithog. plate precursor by rubber solution containing)

IT Lithographic plates

(development and gumming up of heat mode lithog.

plate precursor in single step)

ΙT Synthetic rubber, processes

(development and gumming up of heat mode lithog. plate precursor in single step)

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IR radiation
IT
        (development and gumming up of heat mode lithog.
        plate precursor in single step after exposure to)
IT
     Coating materials
        (hydrophilic coatings, containing thermoplastic polymer particles;
        development and gumming up of heat mode lithog. plate
        precursor having)
     68-04-2, TriSodium citrate 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses
IT
     866-83-1, Monopotassium citrate
        (development and gumming up of heat mode lithog.
        plate precursor by rubber solution containing)
                  221661-29-6
IT
     140214-49-9
        (development and gumming up of heat mode lithog.
        plate precursor having coating containing)
IT
     9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid)
        (development and gumming up of heat mode lithog.
        plate precursor having coating containing)
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene
IT
     copolymer
        (particles; development and gumming up of heat mode
        lithog. plate precursor having coating
        containing)
IT
     58318-10-8, Dowfax 3B2
        (surfactant; development and gumming up of heat mode
        lithog. plate precursor by rubber solution
        containing)
L29 ANSWER 15 OF 29 HCAPLUS/ COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         2002:511924 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         13/9:76381
TITLE:
                         High speed negative-working thermal printing
                         plates
INVENTOR (S):
                         Munnelly, Heidi M.; West, Paul R.; Saraiya,
                         Shashikant; Huang, Jian Bing
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Kodak Polychrome Graphics, LLC, USA
                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp., Cont.-in-part
SOURCE:
                         of U.S. Ser. No. 40,241.
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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USHA SHRESTHA EIC 1700 REM 4B28

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2002
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US 2002197564
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US 6884568
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WO 2003091022
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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AU 2003233055
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                                                              20040219
                                                                                         WO 2003-US24782
WO 2004014652
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
AU 2003261453
                                              A1
                                                              20040225
                                                                                    AU 2003-261453
                                                                                                                                              2003
                                                                                                                                              0807
JP 2005535471
                                                T2
                                                              20051124
                                                                                         JP 2004-527863
                                                                                                                                              2003
                                                                                                                                              0807
                                                                                                <--
                                                             20041223
US 2004259027
                                               A1
                                                                                       US 2004-847708
                                                                                                                                              2004
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US	2001-40241	A2	2001 1109
WO	< 2000-EP1349	A1	2000
US	< 2000-690898	A2	2000
	< 2001-832989	A	2001 0411
US	< 2002-66874	A2	2002 0204
us	< 2002-131866	A	2002 0425
US	< 2002-217005	A	2002 0812
US	< 2002-283757	В2	2002 1030
WO	< 2003-EP4271	W	2003 0424
WO	< 2003-US24782	W	2003 0807

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OTHER SOURCE(S):

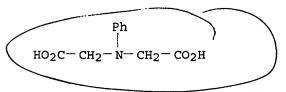
MARPAT 139:76381

AB Neg. working thermally imageable elements useful as lithog
. printing plate precursors and methods for their use
are disclosed. The elements have a substrate, a layer of
imageable composition over the substrate, and, optionally, an overcoat
layer over the layer of imageable composition The imageable composition has
an allyl-functional polymeric binder. Optimum resolution and
on-press performance can be attained without a post-exposure bake.
The elements do not require a post-exposure bake and can be used
in on-press development applications.

IT 1137-73-1. N-Phenyliminodiacetic acid

RN 1137-73-1 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC

ICM G03F007-031

ICS G03F007-105; G03F007-038; G03F007-26

```
INCL 430273100; 430944000; 430300000; 430302000; 430945000; 430964000;
     430287100; 430284100; 101457000; 101453000
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
     1137-73-1, N-Phenyliminodiacetic acid 3584-23-4,
IT
     2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine
     3712-60-5, 2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine
     6542-67-2, 2,4,6-Tris(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine
                                                         24504-22-1,
     2-Phenyl-4,6-bistrichloromethyl)-s-triazine 24687-55-6,
     2,4,6-Tris(tribromomethyl)-s-triazine 95735-63-0,
     (3,4-Dimethoxyphenylthio) acetic acid 115965-96-3, Airvol 203
     117482-71-0, 2-(4-Methylth iophenyl)-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-
                      161279-62-5, Joncryl 683
     1,3,5-triazine
        (high speed neg.-working thermal printing plates containing)
                               THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         30
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
L29 ANSWER 16 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         2003:97350 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         138:145102
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                         Thermally-convertible lithographic
                         printing precursor and imageable
                         medium with coalescence inhibitor
INVENTOR(S):
                         Goodin, Jonathan W.; Emans, John; Christall,
                         Keith; Yu, Yisong; Rademacher, Katja
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Creo Inc., Can.
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                         11
PATENT INFORMATION:
                         KIND
     PATENT NO.
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO. DATE
                         ____
     WO 2003010006
                                20030206
                                           WO 2002-CA943
                         A1
                                                                    2002
                                                                    0625
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA,
             CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI,
             GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,
             KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,
             BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,
             NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,
             ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    US 2003017416
                               20030123 US 2001-909777
                         A1
                                                                   2001
                                                                    0723
                                               <--
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			1226
US	2000-745548	A2	
			2000
			1226
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US	2001-785338	B2	
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			0220
	<		
US	2001-785339	B2	
			2001
			0220
	<		
WO	2002-CA943	W	
			2002
			0625

AB The present invention relates to a lithog. printing precursor for lithog. offset printing comprising a layer of imageable medium on a hydrophilic base. The imageable medium comprises hydrophobic polymer particles in an aqueous medium, a substance for converting light into heat, and a coalescence inhibitor. The lithog. printing precursor may be used to make lithog. printing surfaces that obtain long run lengths on lower quality paper and in the presence of press-room chems. The lithog. printing precursor can be imaged and developed on-press and the imageable medium can also be sprayed onto a hydrophilic surface to create a printing surface that may be processed wholly on-press. It can also be processed in the more conventional fully off-press fashion. The hydrophilic surface can be a printing plate substrate or the printing cylinder of a printing press or a sleeve around the printing cylinder of a printing press. The cylinder can be conventional or seamless. IT 50-21-5, DL-Lactic acid, uses 77-92-9, Citric

acid, uses
 (thermally-convertible lithog. printing
 precursor with coalescence inhibitor)

RN 50-21-5 HCAPLUS

CN (Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

он | ме-сн-ср<sub>2</sub>н

RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СО<sub>2</sub>Н НО<sub>2</sub>С- СН<sub>2</sub>- С- СН<sub>2</sub>- СО<sub>2</sub>Н ОН

IC ICM B41C001-10 ICS B41M005-36

```
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
     thermally convertible lithog printing precursor
ST
     coalescence inhibitor
     Lithographic plates
TT
        (offset; thermally-convertible lithog. printing
        precursor with coalescence inhibitor)
     Coalescence
ΙT
     Lithographic plates
        (thermally-convertible lithog. printing
        precursor with coalescence inhibitor)
IT
     50-21-5, DL-Lactic acid, uses
                                   64-02-8,
     Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetra sodium salt 77-92-9
     , Citric acid, uses 109-07-9, 2-Methylpiperazine 110-85-0,
     Piperazine, uses 141-82-2, Malonic acid, uses 497-19-8, Sodium
     carbonate, uses 557-34-6, Zinc acetate 7601-54-9, Sodium
     phosphate 14024-48-7 14024-63-6, Zinc acetylacetonate
     14220-26-9, Copper acetylacetonate 27360-85-6 40530-01-6,
     Rhoplex WL91
                   116788-76-2, Rhoplex WL51 365276-78-4, Flexbond
          438462-36-3, Texigel 13-800 438462-37-4, Ucar 471
     438462-38-5, HG-1630
                           485831-81-0, Xenacryl 2651
        (thermally-convertible lithog. printing
        precursor with coalescence inhibitor)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         5
                               THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
L29 ANSWER 17 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACE on STN
                      2003:58675 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:115097
                         Thermally convertible lithographic
TITLE:
                         printing precursor comprising an
                         organic acid
                         Emans, John; Goodin, Jonathan William; Yu,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Yisong; Rademacher, Katja
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         U.S. Pat./Appl. Publ., 9 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent/
LANGUAGE:
                         Engli/sh
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                         11
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
    US 2003017410
                         A1
                                20030123
                                           US 2001-909964
                                                                   2001
                                                                   0723
                                           US 2002-177771
    US 2003207210
                         A1
                               20031106
                                                                   2002
                                                                   0624
                                               < - -
    WO 2003010006
                         A1
                               20030206
                                           WO 2002-CA943
                                                                   2002
                                                                   0625
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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA,

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CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI,
             GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,
             BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,
             NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW,
             ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                          A1 20040421
                                           EP 2002-740170
     EP 1409250
                                                                       2002
                                                                       0625
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,
             MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                      A1 20030925 US 2003-347836
     US 2003180658
                                                                       2003
                                                                       0122
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                                              US 2000-745520
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                      2000
                                                                       1226
                                                 <--
                                              US 2000-745548
                                                                   A2
                                                                      2000
                                                                       1226
                                                 <--
                                              US 2001-785338
                                                                   B2
                                                                      2001
                                                                      0220
                                                 <--
                                              US 2001-785339
                                                                   B2
                                                                      2001
                                                                      0220
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                                              US 2001-909777
                                                                   B2
                                                                      2001
                                                                      0723
                                                <---
                                              US 2001-909791
                                                                   B2
                                                                      2001
                                                                      0723
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                                              US 2001-909792
                                                                   A2
                                                                      2001
                                                                      0723
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                                              US 2001-909964
                                                                   В2
                                                                      2001
                                                                      0723
                                                 <--
                                              US 2002-177754
                                                                      2002
                                                                      0624
                                                 <--
                                              US 2002-177755
                                                                      2002
                                                                      0624
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US 2002-177771 A
2002
0624
<-WO 2002-CA943 W
2002

0625

AB The present invention provides an imaging element for lithog. offset printing comprising hydrophobic polymer particles in an aqueous medium, a substance for converting light into heat and an organic acid. The imaging element may be used for printing long run lengths on lower quality paper and in the presence of set-off powder. The imaging element may be imaged and developed on-press and may be sprayed onto a hydrophilic surface to create a printing surface that may be processed wholly on-press. The hydrophilic surface may be a printing plate substrate or the printing cylinder of a printing press or a seam less sleeve around the printing cylinder of a printing press. This cylinder may be conventional or seam less.

IT 50-21-5, DL-Lactic acid, uses 77-92-9, Citric
acid, uses

(thermally convertible lithog. printing precursor comprising organic acid and)

RN 50-21-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-038

ICS B41N001-00; B41N003-00

INCL 430270100; 101453000

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST thermally convertible **lithog** printing **precursor** org acid

IT Lithographic plates

(offset; thermally convertible lithog. printing precursor comprising organic acid)

IT Polyesters, uses

Polyurethanes, uses

(thermoplastic polymer; thermally convertible lithog.

printing precursor comprising organic acid and)

IT 50-21-5, DL-Lactic acid, uses 77-92-9, Citric

```
acid, uses
                 141-82-2, Malonic acid, uses
                                                  194491-31-1
        (thermally convertible lithog. printing
        precursor comprising organic acid and)
     9002-86-2, Polyvinylchloride 9002-88-4, Polyethylene
IT
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene 25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile
     116788-76-2, Rhoplex WL51 365276-78-4, Flexbond 289
     438462-36-3, Texigel 13-800 485831-81-0, Xenacryl 2651
        (thermoplastic polymer; thermally convertible lithog.
        printing precursor comprising organic acid and)
L29 ANSWER 18 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:40253 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         138:115077
TITLE:
                         IR-sensitive directly imaging
                         lithographic plate precursors
                         containing surfactant in undercoat layer
                         and/or backcoat layer
                         Takamiya, Shuichi
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 38 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                                                                    DATE
     JP 2003015307
                          A2
                                 20030117
                                             J# 2001-197924
                                                                    2001
                                                                     0629
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2001-197924
                                                                    2001
                                                                    0629
     The title precursor has an under oat layer and an image-forming
AB
     layer on a support with a backcoat layer, wherein the undercoat
     layer and/or backcoat layer contain nonionic, anionic, or cationic
     surfactants. The printing plate precursor provides sharp clear
     images.
IT
     683-10-3
        (surfactant; IR-sensitive directly imaging lithog.
        plate precursors)
     683-10-3 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     1-Dodecanaminium, N-(cafboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt
           (CA INDEX NAME)
         Me
-0_2C-CH_2-\frac{1}{N}+(CH_2)_{11}-Me^{-\frac{1}{N}}
         Me
```

IC ICM G03F007-11

ICS B41N001-14; G03F007-00; G03F007-09

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and

```
Other Reprographic Processes)
ST
     IR lithog plate precursor surfactant undercoat
     layer back
IT
     Light-sensitive materials
     Lithographic plates
     Surfactants
        (IR-sensitive directly imaging lithog. plate
        precursors)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
IT
        (surfactant; IR-sensitive directly imaging lithog.
        plate precursors)
TT
     64-20-0 71-91-0 683-10-3 1643-19-2 1941-30-6
     3546-96-1 9002-92-0 9004-78-8 9004-95-9 9005-00-9
     9040-05-5 14356-62-8 16527-85-8 17066-08-9 25322-68-3
     27252-75-1 35545-57-4
                                          96107-79-8
                             63442-13-7
                                                       486436-93-5
        (surfactant; IR-sensitive directly imaging lithog.
        plate precursors)
L29 ANSWER 19 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:736760 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:255398
TITLE:
                        Lithographic heat sensitive printing plate
                         precursors
INVENTOR (S):
                         Kitteridge, John Michael
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Agfa-Gevaert, Belg.
SOURCE:
                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
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                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
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     US 2002136985
                         A1
                                20020926
                                           US 2002-47580
                                                                   2002
                                                                   0115
                                               <--
     EP 1225039
                         A1
                               20020724
                                           EP 2001-2
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        R: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            EP 2001-200230
                                                                   2001
                                                                   0123
                                               <--
                                            EP 2001-2
                                                                Α
                                                                   2001
                                                                   0124
                                               <--
                                            US 2001-270439P
                                                                   2001
                                                                   0221
AB
    A lithog. printing plate precursor comprises a
```

grained and anodized aluminum substrate coated with a metallic layer, preferably a silver layer, on top of which is applied a

layer comprising at least one oleophilising agent and at least one hydrophilic stain-reducing agent, the hydrophilic agent being chosen such that it adsorbs onto the metallic layer but is not so strongly adsorbed thereon as to displace the oleophilising agent. Preferably, the oleophilising agent comprises a mercaptotetrazole or mercaptooxadiazole derivative, the hydrophilic stain-reducing agent comprises a material which includes at least one sulfur, selenium or tellurium containing group, and the layer addnl. comprises an addnl. hydrophilic material. The invention provides lithog. printing plate precursors which may be image-wise exposed by means of a high intensity laser beam to provide press ready plates showing reduced stain in non-image areas, high image quality, good press properties and high durability on press without the requirement for the use of intermediate film and developer chemical

IT 52-90-4, L-Cysteine, uses 56-89-3, L-Cystine, uses 70-49-5, 2-Mercaptosuccinic acid

(hydrophilic stain-reducing agent; lithog. heat sensitive printing plate precursors)

RN 52-90-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 56-89-3 HCAPLUS CN L-Cystine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

```
Sodium thiosulphate
```

(hydrophilic stain-reducing agent; lithog. heat sensitive printing plate precursors)

L29 ANSWER 20 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:673036 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:224143

TITLE:

On-press-developable lithographic master plates showing good printing durability and

background whiteness

INVENTOR(S):

Sakata, Itaru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 46 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002251004	A2	20020906	JP 2001-46870	
		•	/	2001
			<	0222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-46870	
			/	2001
			/	0222
			</td <td></td>	
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	137:224143	/	
AB The plates, suited	for hea	t-mode laser	recording, comprise	
hydrophilic support			layers containing bloc	ked

polyisocyanates, heat- or radiation-sensiti/ve ≥2-valent base precursors, and optionally photothermal converters. The base precursors may be  $R(SO2CH2CO2H) \times [R = alk/1, aryl, (O-, S-, SO-,$ or SO2-bridged) alkylene or arylene, mond- or bivalent heterocyclic residue; x = 1, 2].

IT457048-29-2P 457048-30-5P 457048-31-6P

(base precursors; on-press-developable lithog

. master plates showing good printing durability and background whiteness)

RN

457048-29-2 HCAPLUS
Acetic acid, [[2-methyl-5-(phenylsulfonyl])phenyl]sulfonyl]-, CN compd. with N, N'''-1, 2-ethanediylbi/s [guanidine] (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 303750-25-6 CMF C15 H14 O6 S2

CM 2

CRN 44956-51-6 CMF C4 H12 N6

RN

457048-30-5 HCAPLUS
Acetic acid, [[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]-, compd. with N,N''',N''''-(nitrilotri-2,1-ethanediyl)tris[guanidine] (3:1) CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 97649-40-6 CMF C14 H12 O6 S2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & & & & \\ \parallel & & & & \\ Ph-S & & & & \\ \parallel & & & & \\ O & & & & \\ \parallel & & & & \\ S-CH_2-CO_2H & & \\ \parallel & & & \\ O & & & \\ \end{array}$$

·CM 2

CRN 73571-48-9 CMF C9 H24 N10

RN 457048-31-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]-, compd. with N, N-bis[2-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]ethyl]guanidine (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 457048-24-7 CMF C7 H19 N9

CM2

CRN 97649-40-6 C14 H12 O6 S2 CMF

IT 303750-25-6

> (in preparation of polyvalent base precursors for presensitized lithog. master plates)

RN

303750-25-6 HCAPLUS Acetic acid, [[2-methyl-5-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]- (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)

ICM G03F007-004 IC

ICS G03F007-004; B41N001-14; C08G018-30; C08G018-80; G03F007-00

74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

457048-29-2P 457048-30-5P 457048-31-6P IT

(base precursors; on-press-developable lithog

. master plates showing good printing durability and background whiteness)

IT 44956-51-6 303750-25-6

(in preparation of polyvalent base precursors for presensitized lithog. master plates)

L29 ANSWER 21 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:503361 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:70529

TITLE:

Lithographic printing plate

precursor

INVENTOR(S):

Tomita, Tadabumi; Teraoka, Katsuyuki; Hotta,

Hisashi; Matsuura, Atsushi; Uesugi, Akio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Eur. Pat. Appl., 83 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION: DATENT NO

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1219464	A2	20020703	EP 2001-130269	
				2001
				1220
			<	
EP 1219464	A3	20040616		
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE,
MC, PT, IE,	SI, LT	, LV, FI,	RO, MK, CY, AL, TR	
JP 2002214764	A2	20020731	JP 2001-9871	
				2001
				0118
			<	
JP 2002365791	A2	20021218	JP 2001-206572	
				2001
				0706
			<	
US 2002182538	A1	20021205	US 2001-22244	

```
2001
                                                                    1220
                                               <--
                                20050510
     US 6890700
                          B2
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2000-387210
                                                                    2000
                                                                    1220
                                               <--
                                            JP 2001-9871
                                                                    2001
                                                                    0118
                                               <--
                                            JP 2001-104632
                                                                    2001
                                                                    0403
                                               <--
                                            JP 2001-206572
                                                                    2001
                                                                    0706
                                               <--
     The lithog. printing plate precursor comprises
AB
     a metal support having an anodic oxide film formed on it, and an
     image-forming layer containing a light-to-heat converting agent, or a
     light-sensitive layer capable of image-forming with IR laser
     exposure. The mouth diameter of the surface of the pores of the
     anodic oxide film on the metal support is 0-30 nm and the maximum
     inside diameter is 20-300 nm. Preferably, a particle layer is
     provided between the anodic oxide film and the heat-sensitive
     layer in a thermal type lithog. printing plate
     precursor so that heat can be efficiently used in image
     forming. The disclosed precursor has improved residual color and
     residual film, excellent smearing resistance and press life, and
     high sensitivity.
     144-62-7, Okalic acid, uses
IT
        (surfage of aluminum substrate for lithog. printing
        plate/precursor treated with anodic oxidation using)
             HCAPLUS
RN
     144-62-7
     Ethanedioic acid (9CI)
                            (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
        OH
HO-C
IC
     ICM B41N003-03
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
ST
     lithog printing plate precursor aluminum
     substrate surface treatment
IT
    Etching
    Lithographic plates
     Surface roughness
     Surface treatment
        (metal substrate for lithog. printing plate
        precursor with special surface treatment)
IT
    Anodization
        (metal substrate for lithog. printing plate
        precursor with special surface treatment including)
IT
     5496-71-9, Cyasorb IR 165 22371-56-8, NK 3508 134127-48-3
```

(Ir absorbant used in imaging layer of lithog. printing plate precursor)

IT 13870-30-9, Disodium trisilicate

(hydrophilization treatment for aluminum substrate of lithog. printing plate precursor using)

IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses

(particle layer on aluminum substrate of lithog.

printing plate precursor containing)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses

(substrate for lithog. printing plate
precursor)

IT 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses 7664-38-2, Phosphoric acid, uses 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses

(surface of aluminum substrate for lithog. printing plate precursor treated with anodic oxidation using)

IT 10043-35-3, Boric acid, uses 10101-97-0, Nickel sulfate hexahydrate

(surface sealing treatment solution for aluminum substrate of lithog. printing plate precursor containing)

L29 ANSWER 22 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:236333 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

136:270631

TITLE:

Method for making lithographic plates from

light-sensitive lithographic plate precursor having aluminum support Kondo, Shunichi; Nagase, Hiroyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 2002091017	A2	20020327	JP 2000-279892	
					2000
					0914
				<	
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-279892	
					2000
					0914

AB The title method includes the steps of: imagewise exposing a lithog. plate precursor having a light-sensitive layer containing ethylenic polymerizing compds., a photopolymn. initiator, and a polymer binder on a support; and developing the printing plate precursor with a developing solution containing an inorg. alkali and surfactants, wherein the surfactants consist of a nonionic surfactant with a polyoxyalkylene ether group and an amphoteric surfactant. The method, which uses the nonionic surfactant in the developing solution, provides the safety for the lithog. process making and the good lithog. plate characteristics.

IT 6843-97-6 93673-07-5 133119-64-9

```
405217-13-2
         (surfactant in developing solution for lithog. plate)
RN
     6843-97-6 HCAPLUS
     Glycine, N-[2-[[2-(dodecylamino)ethyl]amino]ethyl]- (6CI, 7CI,
CN
     8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Me^{-(CH_2)_{11}-NH-CH_2-CH_2-NH-CH_2-CH_2-NH-CH_2-CO_2H}
RN
     93673-07-5 HCAPLUS
     1-Undecanaminium, 1-carboxy-N/(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-,
CN
     inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX MAME)
     Мe
         - CH<sub>2</sub>-- CH<sub>2</sub>-- ОН
-0_2C-CH-(CH_2)_9-Me
RN
     133119-64-9 HCAPLUS
     Methanaminium, 1-carboxy-N-[(dodecylthio)methyl]-N,N-dimethyl-,
CN
     inner salt (9CI)
                        (CA INDEX NAME)
Me^{-(CH_2)_{11}-S-CH_2}
RN
     405217-13-2
                   HCAPLUS
CN
     Glycine, N,N/bis[2-(decylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                          CH_2 - CH_2 - NH - (CH_2)_9 - Me
Me^{-(CH_2)_9} - NH^{-/CH_2} - CH_2 - N^{-CH_2} - CO_2H
     ICM G03#007-32
IC
     ICS G03#007-00
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
ST
     safety lithog plate light sensitive lithog
     precursor aluminum support
IT
     Surfactants
        (amphoteric; method for making lithog. plates from
        light-sensitive lithog. plate precursor
        with aluminum support)
IT
     Lithographic plates
     Photoimaging
        (method for making lithog. plates from light-sensitive
        lithog. plate precursor with aluminum
        support)
IT
     Surfactants
        (nonionic; method for making lithog. plates from
```

```
light-sensitive lithog. plate precursor
        with aluminum support)
                 9004-78-8, Polyoxyethylene phenyl ether
IT
     6843-97-6
     35138-81-9, Polyoxyethylene methyl phenyl ether
                                                        69778-08-1
     76169-11-4, Lipomin LA 93673-07-5 133119-64-9
     405217-13-2
        (surfactant in developing solution for lithog. plate)
L29 ANSWER 23 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:63926 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         136:126608
TITLE:
                         Silver halide diffusion-transfer
                         lithographic printing plate/
                         precursor having aluminum support and
                         method for making printing plate therefrom
                         Hirata, Kenji; Tsubakii,/Yasuo
INVENTOR(S):
                         Mitsubishi Paper Mills / Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND ·
                                DATE
                                             JP 2000-212564
     JP 2002023377
                          A2
                                20020/123
                                                                     2000
                                                                     0713
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2000-212564
                                                                     2000
                                                                     0713
     The invention relates to A silver halide diffusion-transfer
AB
     lithog. printing plate precursor having an Al
     support, wherein the printing plate precursor contains an organic
     carboxylic acid in at least one layer on the support. The
     printing plate precurs/r, which contains the organic carboxylic acid,
     generates little etch/pit.
IT
     6915-15-7, Malic acid
        (organic carboxyl/ic acid in lithog. printing plate
        precursor)
     6915-15-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Butanedioic acid, /hydroxy- (9CI)
                                        (CA INDEX NAME)
      OH
HO_2C-CH-CH_2-CO_2H
IC
     ICM G03F007-07
     ICS G03C008-06; G03F007-00; G03F007-40
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (silver halide diffusion-transfer lithog. printing
        plate precursor having aluminum support according to
```

and method for making printing plate therefrom)

IT 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 110-15-6, Succinic acid, uses 124-04-9, Adipic acid, uses 6915-15-7, Malic acid (organic carboxylic acid in lithog. printing plate precursor)

L29 ANSWER 24 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:435467 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:53518

DOCOMENT NOMBER: 135:53518

TITLE: Heat-sensitive lithographic printing

plate precursor for IR-laser

exposure

INVENTOR(S):

Kita, Nobuyuki; Maemoto, Kazuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Japan

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KINI	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		·		
US 2001003	643 A1	20010614	US 2000-729350	
				2000
				1205
			<	
US 6576397	B2	20030610		
JP 2001166	459 A2	20010622	JP 1999-346317	
				1999
				1206
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		JP 1999-346317	Ä
				1999
				1206

AB A heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate

precursor comprises a thermal polymerization layer, which

contains an aqueous alkali-soluble polymer having addition polymerizable

unsatd. bonds at the side chains and a thermal polymerization initiator,

and a water-soluble overcoat layer, which has a water-soluble polymer

and a compound capable of converting light into heat, on a support,

which has a hydrophilic surface. The lithog. printing

plate precursor, which contains thermal polymerizing

materials, is handled in a bright room.

IT 103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine

(thermal polymerization layer in heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate precursor)

RN 103-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PhNH-CH2-CO2H

IC ICM G03C007-00

ICS G03C001-73; G03C001-77; G03F007-11

INCL 430273100

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and

```
Other Reprographic Processes)
     heat sensitive lithog printing plate precursor
ST
     IR laser exposure
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate
        precursor for IR-laser exposure)
IT
     Polymerization
        (thermal; heat-sensitive lithog. printing plate
        precursor for IR-laser exposure)
     90216-38-9P, Allyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer
TΤ
     102772-82-7P, Methyl methacrylate-ethyl methacrylate-methacrylic
     acid-acrylonitrile copolymer
        (thermal polymerization layer in heat-sensitive lithog.
        printing plate precursor)
IT
     103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine 147-14-8, Copper
     β-phthalocyanine 150-76-5, p-Methoxyphenol
                                                  1707-68-2,
     2-(o-Chlorophenyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolyl dimer 4986-89-4,
     Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate 33943-20-3, Di-tert-butyl
                         77473-08-6, 3,3',4,4'-Tetrakis(tert-
     peroxyisophthalate
     butylperoxycarbonyl) benzophenone
        (thermal polymerization layer in heat-sensitive lithog.
        printing plate precursor)
L29 ANSWER 25 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2000:822999 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         133:367836
                         Photosensitive polyimide precursor
TITLE:
                         compositions for lithographic
                         formation of peeling-resistant patterns
                         Yuba, Tomoyuki; Yoshimura, Toshio
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     JP 2000321770
                         A2
                                            JP 1999-133908
                                20001124
                                                                    1999
                                                                    0514
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             ₯ 1999-133908
                                                                    1999
                                                                    0514
                                               <--
ΔR
     The polyimide precursors in the compns. have structural repeating
     unit [COR1(CO2R3)2CONHR2NH] (I; RX = tetravalent C≥2 organic
     group; R2 = divalent C≥2 organic/group; R3 = H, alkali metal,
     ammonium, C1-30 organic group) containing 1-45 mol% of those with di-Ph
     ether [(C6H3)2O] as R1 and the photo-crosslinking groups in the
     compns. is 40-450 mol% of structural repeating unit I.
     Optionally, the compns. may/also contain R4NR5R6 (R4-6 = C1-30
     organic groups with at least 1 containing an ethylenically unsatd.
     group). The compns. are Aseful in fabrication of semiconductor
     devices and multilayer printed circuits.
IT
     103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine
```

(photoinitiator; photosensitive polyimide precursors containing di-Ph ether tetracarboxylic acid for formation of peeling-resistant patterns)

RN103-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-phenyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $PhNH-CH_2-CO_2H$ 

IC ICM G03F007-038

C08G073-10; G03F007-037; H01L021-027 ICS

CC 74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine

(photoinitiator; photosensitive polyimide precursors containing di-Ph ether tetracarboxylic acid for formation of peeling-resistant patterns)

L29 ANSWER 26 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:806584 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:73883

TITLE:

Method of preparing lithographic plate

INVENTOR(S):

Watkiss, Philip John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Agfa-Gevaert Naamloze Vennootschap, Belg.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION: DATENT NO

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	2.2			
WO 9855309	A1	19981210	WO 1998-EP3481	4000
				1998
			<	0603
W: JP, US			< - <b>-</b>	
	•	, DK, ES, FI	, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU,
GB 2325892		10081200	CP 1009_11935	
GB 2323072	VI	19901209	GB 1990-11033	. 1998
				0603
			<	0003
EP 986476	A1	20000322	EP 1998-937460	
				1998
				0603
			<	
EP 986476	B1	20011128		
R: DE, FR, GB,				
JP 2002508853	T2	20020319	JP 1999-501590	
				1998
				0603
			<	
US 6183936	B1	20010206	US 2000-445074	
				2000
				0207

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GB 1997-11385

1997
0603

--WO 1998-EP3481

1998
0603

--AB A method of preparing a lithog. plate involves providing a plate precursor comprising a grained and anodized aluminum substrate coated with a metallic silver layer, imagewise exposing the precursor by means of a high-intensity laser beam, and treating

Amethod of preparing a lithog. plate involves providing a plate precursor comprising a grained and anodized aluminum substrate coated with a metallic silver layer, imagewise exposing the precursor by means of a high-intensity laser beam, and treating the plate by chemical and mech. means in order to remove stains on the plate surface. On exposure of the plate precursor, removal of the metallic silver layer occurs in the exposed areas. The method provides a press-ready lithog. plate free of background stains, which gives a clean, even appearance in exposed areas and shows high image resolution and excellent durability on press, while eliminating the requirement for the use of an intermediate film and a chemical developer.

IT 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses

(IR laser-sensitive aluminum lithog. plate precursors with silver layers treated by compns. containing)

RN 77-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic/acid, 2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM B41C001-10 ICS G03F007-06

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST laser lithog plate precursor stain removal

IT Lithographic plates

(precursors, IR laser-sensitive; with aluminum substrates and silver layers treated by chemical and mech. means to remove stains)

IT 7440-22-4, Silver, uses

(IR laser-sensitive aluminum lithog. plate precursors with silver layers treated by chemical and mech. means to remove stains)

IT 64-02-8, Tetrasodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate **77-92-9**, Citric acid, uses 86-93-1 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 10139-51-2, Ceric ammonium nitrate 70253-99-5 95507-75-8, Lutensit AP-S

(IR laser-sensitive aluminum lithog. plate precursors with silver layers treated by compns. containing)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses

(IR laser-sensitive lithog. plate precursors with silver layers and treated by chemical and mech. means to remove stains)

REFERENCE COUNT:

9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L29 ANSWER 27 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:545684 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:209364

TITLE:

Lithographic original plate capable of direct

platemaking using infrared laser

Kawamura, Koichi; Kitatani, Katsushi; INVENTOR(S):

Kobayashi, Fumikazu; Maemoto, Kazuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION: DAMENT NO

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		1000000		
JP 10221842	A2	19980821	JP 1997-26877	1997
				0210
			<	0210
JP 3751703	B2	20060301		
US 6017677	Α	20000125	US 1998-12596	
				1998
			<	0123
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			•	A
				1997
				0124
		il .	<	
			JP 1997-26877	A
				1997 0210
			<	0210
				A
				1997
				0210
			<	
			SP 1997-36665	1997
		•		0220
			<	

The title original plate comprises a support coated with a AB recording layer containing a polymer having functional groups that generates a sulfonic acid by the action of base in its side chain and a heat-base-generating agent. The original plate is capable of direct platemaking from digital data by using IR later and forming images without wet development process and the resulting printing plate shows high printing durability.

IT 100906-66-9

(lithog. original plate containing base precursor and polymer having sulfonic acid-generating group)

RN

100906-66-9 HCAPLUS
Acetic acid, [[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]-, compd. with CN guanidine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 100906-65-8 CMF C9 H10 O6 S2

2 CM

CRN 113-00-8 CMF C H5 N3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH} \\ || \\ \text{H}_2\text{N-C-NH}_2 \end{array}$$

IC ICM G03F007-004

ICS B41C001-055; B41N001-14; G03F007-00; G03F007-033

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

lithog plate platemaking base precursor; ST

polymer sulfonic acid generating group lithog

IT 5150-56-1, Guanidine trichloroacetate 100906-66-9 (lithog. original plate containing base precursor and polymer having sulfonic acid-generating group)

L29 ANSWER 28 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:138278 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:216182

TITLE:

Photosensitive material for diffusion-transfer

lithographic plate

INVENTOR(S):

Yokoie, Hiroaki; Endo, Akihiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07333832	A2	19951222	JP 1994-152813	
				1994
				0610

```
19960910
     US 5554482
                           Α
                                              US 1995-428892
                                                                      1995
                                                                      0425
                                                 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                              JP 1994-109031
                                                                      1994
                                                                      0425
                                                 <--
                                              JP 1994-128194
                                                                      1994
                                                                      0518
                                              JP 1994-152813
                                                                      1994
                                                                      0610
     In the material having ≥2 layers containing a Ag halide, a
AΒ
     reductant, a polymerizable compound or crosslinkable polymer, and a
     base precursor (X) on a support, the X-containing layer further
     contains a block copolymer consisting of vinyl /alc. units (Y) and
     more hydrophobic units than Y. A lithog. printing plate obtained
     from the material gives high-resolution images.
IT
     174675-99-1
        (base precursor; photosensitive material/containing vinyl
        alc.-based block copolymer for thermode/velopable
        diffusion-transfer lithog. plate)
     174675-99-1 HCAPLUS
Acetic acid, [[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl sulfonyl]-, compd. with
RN
CN
     3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]-N-(aminomethyl)propanimidamide (2:1)
           (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 174675-98-0
     CMF C5 H14 N6
H2N-CH2-NH-C-CH2-CH2-NH-C
     CM
     CRN
          97649-40-6
     CMF C14 H12 O6 S2
                      CO<sub>2</sub>H
```

IC

ICM G03F007-00

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-06

- CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- ST lithog printing plate photosensitive silver halide; thermodevelopable lithog plate block copolymer; diffusion transfer lithog plate base precursor

IT 174675-99-1

(base precursor; photosensitive material containing vinyl alc.-based block copolymer for thermodevelopable diffusion-transfer lithog. plate)

L29 ANSWER 29 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:422566 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:22566

TITLE:

Manufacture of electrophotographic

lithographic plate precursor

INVENTOR(S):

Oda, Akihisa; Kato, Eiichi; Tashiro, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05072757	A2	19930326	JP 1991-234526	
				1991
				0913
			<	
US 5250376	Α	19931005	US 1992-943520	
				1992
				0911
			_	0,511
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-234526 A	
				1991
				0913
			<	
			JP 1991-266398 A	
				1991
				1015
			<	
			JP 1991-297244 A	
			UP 1331-23/244 A	
				1991
				1113
			<	

AB The title plate precursor is made using an electrophotog. photoreceptor in which ≥1 photoconductive layer(s) containing an inorg. photoconductive compound and a binder resin is formed on an elec. conductive support; the title manufacture comprises the steps of imagewise exposure of the photoreceptor having the binder resin containing ≥1 resin(s) containing ≥1 kind(s) of polymer components having functional groups CO2CH(X)(X') (X, X' = at least 1 of them is an electron-withdrawing group; the sum of their Hammett op values is >0.45) to form an electrostatic latent image on the photoreceptor, developing the latent image to form a toner image, and desensitizing the nonimage area of the photoconductive layer with a processing solution containing at least a

